



SOC101

Quiz for Mid-Term

ABSTRACT

This comprehensive collection of notes is accurately crafted to empower students to excel academically, ensuring they achieve a minimum of 80% marks in their examinations. The content is organized with clarity and precision, focusing on key concepts, critical analyses, and practical applications tailored to the syllabus. These notes serve as a reliable resource for both thorough preparation and last-minute revision. Designed to inspire confidence and mastery, this guide is an essential tool for students striving for academic excellence.

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INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

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1. Assimilation is a process in which minority groups lose their distinctive identities and cultural patterns of the _____ group. **Dominant**
2. Karl Marx believed that change occurs through social revolution, which is the driving force of: **Political upheaval**
3. According to symbolic interactions which of the following is key to communicate with one another: **Symbols**
4. What should researchers do to ensure accurate observation data collection? **Identify the social setting and context of observation**
5. Sociologists examine how social structures and institutions come into being and the _____ influences that impact our daily lives and societal values. **Political**
6. The three primary goals of science are to explain why something happens, _____ and predict future outcomes. **Generalize**
7. Which approach in research is more confirmatory and tests existing theories and hypotheses? **Deductive approach**
8. The exchange of ideas, thoughts or emotions between individuals or groups in the social interaction is called: **Communication**
9. Before the advent of _____ people used to make their assumptions from traditions and religion. **Scientific Revolution**
10. The subculture is: **A smaller cultural group within a larger society with distinct characteristics.**
11. What is the primary method used to analyze data in a systematic and empirical approach? **Statistical analysis**
12. Which one of the following refers to cultural elements that can be found in every culture around the world regardless of its distinct characteristics? **Cultural universals**
13. How does the usual comparison between ideal culture and real culture unfold? **Ideal culture often reflects higher aspirations than those practiced in real culture**
14. A cultural group within a larger society that shares distinct beliefs, values, and practices is called: **Sub culture**
15. Which of the following theorist influenced the development of critical theory? **Max Weber**
16. Which of the following knowledge is less credible due to dependence on limited observations? **Common sense**
17. Sociology is considered a science because it relies on _____ data analysis, and theory building to understand the social world. **Empirical observation**
18. The continuous struggle of human beings to improve their living standards can result in which of the following? **Positive social change**
19. When individual or group work together to achieve common goal or outcome it called: **Cooperation**
20. Postmodernism is a theoretical approach that highlights the significance of which aspect in shaping social relations and structures? **Language and discourse**
21. What does postcolonialism emphasize? **Colonialism and its legacy in shaping social relations and structures**
22. Social structures and institutions that shape human behavior include family, education, and religion. **True**

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23. Structural functionalism emphasizes social structures and institutions as crucial for maintaining social order and stability. **True**
24. Secondary groups often involve deep emotional connections. **False**
25. Values are _____ defined standards that people use to decide what is desirable and good for social living. **Culturally**
26. Which of the following group has an established and recognized hierarchy of authority and is governed by rules and regulations? **Formal**
27. Conflict theory suggests that social change occurs through struggles and conflicts between competing groups. **True**
28. Power and inequality create disparities and hierarchies among individuals and groups in society. **True**
29. Sociology helps us understand how our personal lives are connected to the broader social world. **True**
30. Values are abstract standards of goodness while beliefs are specific thoughts that individuals consider true or false. **True**
31. Which of the following children are raised in isolation? **Feral**
32. Which of the following type of social interaction refers to individuals or groups working together towards a common goal or objective? **Cooperation**
33. Spencer believed in the concept of: **Individualism**
34. Non-verbal communication involves using gestures, facial expressions, and body language to express: **Meaning and emotions**
35. Competition can be constructive or destructive can lead to innovation, progress and some time social inequality. **True**
36. Ideal Culture can provide individuals with a sense of identity and purpose, but Real Culture can also cause conflict and tension when it contradicts the ideals. **True**
37. Which of the following term is used to refer the custom, art, and social interactions of a particular society? **Culture**
38. Why there are counterarguments that sociology can not be science? **Due to complexity and subjectivity of social phenomena**
39. In scientific research, first step is to: **Select topic**
40. Conflict serves as a vehicle for social: **Change and development**
41. The process of gathering information on social behavior and interactions entails: **Observational research**
42. Which one of the following research methods offer in-depth insights into a specific situation? **Case studies**
43. What are informal rules and expectations that guide people's everyday behavior? **Folkways**
44. Norms that control everyday behaviors and are commonly gentle in terms of outcomes for violations are known as: **Folkways**
45. Written language refers to which type of interaction: **Verbal**
46. In Pakistani society, feminism could be applied to studying: **The influence of media on gender roles**
47. According to Karl Marx, _____ will replace capitalism. **Socialism**
48. Sociologists claim that human behavior is learned. **True**

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49. Which of the following statements describes real culture? **The culture that exists in reality**
50. Sociology analyzes the impact of historical, social, and cultural factors on individuals and groups. **True**
51. Which of the following is a continuous process? **Social change**
52. Structural functionalism suggests that social equilibrium is achieved through cooperation and mutual dependency. **True**
53. Which of the following is/are the example of cultural universals? **All of the given options**
54. The process by which people act and react in relation to others is known as: **Interaction**
55. Scientific research in sociology moves beyond common sense and _____ prevailing beliefs about social life. **Challenge**
56. Deductive logical thought transforms general theory into specific _____ suitable for testing. **Hypothesis**
57. Values contribute to shaping a culture by: **By guiding the beliefs and behaviors of individuals**
58. Which of the following is the most important agent of primary socialization? **Family**
59. Which of the following is/are important for developing theories in sociology? **Both causation and correlation**
60. Research often starts _____ with a research problem or question. **Theoretical** Spencer believed in the concept of: **Individualism**
61. Homesickness is an example of which of the following concept: **Cultural shock**
62. When people interact to gain something in return is known as: **Exchange**
63. Human behavior is shaped by genetics OR socialization, is the debate between: **Nature and Nurture**
64. What term did Herbert Spencer used to describe the evolution of societies? **Social Darwinism**
65. Language is a system of symbols that allows people to: **Communicate with each other**
66. Which of the following knowledge is less credible due to dependence on limited observations? **Common sense**
67. Propositions, Assumptions, and Hypothesis are tested in the field to produce _____ knowledge. **Scientific**
68. What is the term used to describe the way academic sociology makes knowledge public, "objective," and subject to critique? **Public sociology**
69. Pop music in Pakistani society is an example of: **Real culture**
70. What does functional analysis stress about society's composition? **Harmony among groups**
71. Sociology aims to develop untestable explanations of social phenomena. **False**
72. Non-material culture primarily includes: **Religious practices and rituals**
73. A predictor which indicates a relationship between variables is known as: **Hypothesis**
74. Scientific knowledge is more _____ because it is processed knowledge. **Credible**
75. Which of the following concept is defined as an understanding of how our personal lives are connected to the broader social world? **Sociological imagination**
76. In case study research, what is the main advantage of using multiple sources of data? **Developing a comprehensive perspective on the case**
77. What is the primary purpose of drawing conclusions and making generalizations in research? **To summarize the research findings**

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78. On what ground people argue about sociology being a science? **It can be a science if it adheres to scientific methods and principles**
79. Considering alternative explanations is important when establishing causal relationships. **True**
80. The resistance to the family planning technique is an example of: **Cultural lag**
81. Which of the following best characterizes mass communication compared to face-to-face interaction? **One-way communication**
82. Languages, beliefs, values, norms, and attitudes are the example of _____ culture. **Nonmaterial**
83. Sociologists often rely on common sense for their research instead of following a structural process. **False**
84. Emile Durkheim viewed society as a complex system with interrelated structures rather than merely a collection of: **Individuals**
85. Which of the following is an appropriate way to disseminate research findings? **Sharing insights through publications or presentations**
86. Which theoretical approach focuses on colonialism and its legacy in shaping social relations and structures? **Postcolonialism**
87. Durkheim's ideas caused the development of _____ as a dominant perspective. **Structural functionalism**
88. In 17th century enlightenment caused _____ revolution. **Scientific**
89. In Pakistani society, conflict theory could be applied to understand: **The struggle between different ethnic groups for resources and power**
90. Triad are more stable than dyad because they allow for _____ in case of strained interactions. **Mediation**
91. How can an understanding of cultural components such as language and customs be applied in the field of tourism to enhance the travel experience for tourists? **By providing multilingual guides and respecting local customs**
92. A mental adjustment that occurs when people encounter a culture similar to their own is known as the concept of cultural shock. **False**
93. Which perspective views society as a harmonious whole with interrelated parts working together? **Structural functionalism**
94. Accommodation refers to the process of adjusting or adapting to cultural differences and similarities in order to coexist and cooperate with others. **True**
95. What is a potential limitation of case study research? Findings may lack generalizability to other **contexts**
96. Bureaucracies are known for their structured and rule-based operations. **True**
97. Non-verbal communication plays a minimal role in social interaction and relationships. **False**
98. Folkways are informal rules and expectations that guide people's everyday behavior. **True**
99. Social interaction is the focus of _____ **Sociology Micro**
100. In Pakistan, the media has contributed to the growth of consumerist culture in: **Urban middle class**
101. The sociological imagination helps us grasp the connection between: **History and biography**

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102. The expected behavior attached to a status is called what? **Role.**
103. Who viewed society as a kind of living organism? **Herbert Spencer.**
104. Micro-level analysis in sociology focuses on what? **Individual actions, behaviors, and attitudes.**
105. After collecting data from a survey, what comes next in the research process? **Analyzing the data using descriptive and inferential statistics.**
106. Social interaction is the focus of which level of sociology? **Micro-level sociology.**
107. Conflict and functionalism are generally studied at which level? **Macro-level.**
108. Conflict serves as a vehicle for what? **Social change and development.**
109. What is the main idea of postmodernism? **Language and discourse.**
110. What term did Auguste Comte previously use to describe the study of society? **Social Physics.**
111. Feminism is a theoretical approach that focuses on what? **The study of gender roles and inequalities.**
112. Is analyzing the complexity of causal relationships essential for understanding social phenomena? **True.**
113. What does functional analysis emphasize about society's composition? **Harmony and harmonious relationships among people.**
114. What does conflict theory emphasize about society's composition? **Conflict and competition.**
115. What does association mean in relation to causality? **Two phenomena occur together in a patterned way.**
116. Which approach is used to understand the natural and social world? **Scientific method.**
117. According to Auguste Comte, what does sociology primarily focus on? **Observable evidence and objectivity.**
118. Competition is a pattern of interaction in which people and groups do what? **Compete for shared or limited goals/resources.**
119. What do functionalists say we need to look at to understand society? **Structures and functions.**
120. What is the main concern of social stratification in sociology? **Understanding social inequalities and hierarchies.**
121. Durkheim's ideas contributed to the development of which dominant perspective? **Structural functionalism.**
122. What term is used for the beneficial consequences of people's actions? **Manifest functions.**
123. When does competition arise? **When resources are limited.**
124. What does symbolic interactionism emphasize? **Symbols, language, and social interaction in shaping social relationships.**
125. Does meso-level analysis in sociology involve studying political structures and power distribution? **False.**
126. What does meso-level analysis focus on? **Population groups, their distribution, income, education, and similar group-level characteristics.**
127. Is social interaction a component for understanding society and its behavior? **True.**
128. What is amalgamation? **The process of blending different cultures.**
129. Do social problems arise from structural factors and have implications for individuals and society? **True.**
130. Which research approach tests existing theories and hypotheses? **Deductive approach.**

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131. What does the inductive approach do? **It begins with research/observations and develops theories or hypotheses afterward.**
132. What is the process of selecting individuals from a target population for research called? **Sampling.**
133. According to social exchange theory, what guides social interactions? **The profit/reward motive.**
134. Which perspective views society as a harmonious whole with interrelated parts working together? **Structural functionalism.**
135. What is the primary aim of the scientific approach in research? **To develop explanations of social and natural phenomena that can be tested.**
136. What term did Durkheim use for collectively held sentiments, values, and ideals that maintain social harmony? **Collective consciousness.**
137. Do social norms, values, and beliefs have no influence on human actions and interactions? **False.**
138. The development of natural sciences led to the development of which type of sciences? **Social sciences.**
139. What is an appropriate way to disseminate research findings? **Sharing insights through publications and presentations.**
140. Does selecting a random sample ensure that everyone in the target population has an equal chance of being included? **True.**
141. Do cultural norms and practices have no impact on non-verbal communication? **False.**
142. Why do some people argue that sociology cannot be a science? **Because social phenomena are complex and subjective, whereas science requires objectivity.**
143. What is the main advantage of using multiple sources of data in case study research? **Developing a comprehensive perspective on the case.**
144. Do research ethics require honesty but permit the falsification of results? **False.**
145. Can cultural diffusion occur through trade and communication? **True.**
146. What did Auguste Comte advocate for in the study of society? **The use of the scientific method.**
147. At what level of analysis does symbolic interactionism usually focus? **Micro-level.**
148. Are accommodation and assimilation interchangeable concepts? **False.**
149. How does sociology contribute to our understanding of social issues? **By analyzing social processes.**
150. What method uses questionnaires and interviews to gather data from a selected sample of individuals and groups? **Survey research.**
151. Is a relationship between two variables spurious when it is statistically significant? **False.**
152. Does scientific research in sociology move beyond common sense and challenge prevailing beliefs about social life? **True.**
153. What is the primary purpose of drawing conclusions and making generalizations in research? **To summarize the research findings.**
154. Are systematic research methods unnecessary for establishing causal relationships? **False.**
155. What term is used for the harmful consequences of social actions or structures? **Dysfunctions.**
156. According to Karl Marx, what would lead to a classless society? **Proletarian revolution.**
157. Which type of social interaction creates strong social bonds and promotes a sense of belonging? **Cooperation.**

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158. According to structural functionalism, how is social equilibrium achieved? **Through cooperation and mutual dependency.**
159. What is the exchange of ideas, thoughts, and emotions between individuals and groups called? **Communication.**
160. Which research approach is suitable for a sociologist who wants to explore a previously uninvestigated social phenomenon? **Experimental approach.**
161. Which level of analysis focuses on studying individual behavior? **Micro-level analysis.**
162. How can a sociologist study the relationship between religion and mental health? **By examining the correlation between religious affiliations and mental health outcomes.**
163. How does symbolic interactionism approach the study of cultural norms and beliefs in Pakistani society? **By examining the role of symbols and language in reinforcing cultural norms.**
164. According to Karl Marx, what are major consequences of capitalism? **Social inequality and private ownership by capitalists.**
165. How did Peter Berger describe sociology? **As an attempt to understand.**
166. Which aspect does postmodernism highlight in shaping social relations and structures? **Language and discourse.**
167. How would you study the impact of caffeine on individual alertness? **Through an experimental study/experimental approach.**
168. In societies with mechanical solidarity, on what are social bonds formed and maintained? **Community structures.**
169. Can society survive without cooperation? **No.**
170. When one individual or group suppresses or eliminates another, what is this known as? **Conflict.**
171. Which theoretical approach focuses on colonialism and its legacy in shaping social relations and structures? **Postcolonialism.**
172. Sociology is what type of science? **Social science.**
173. According to one argument, when can sociology be considered a science? **When it adheres to scientific methods and principles.**
174. What is diffusion? **The process of spreading cultural traits from one culture to another.**
175. Is the statement "The relationship between two variables is spurious when it is statistically significant" correct? **False.**
176. What step in the research process involves reviewing existing publications and sources related to the research topic? **Reviewing the literature/literature review.**
177. Is anonymity a significant ethical consideration in sociological research? Yes, **True.**
178. Which approaches are used in sociology to build and test theories? **Inductive and deductive approaches.**
179. Does sociology aim to develop critical thinking skills to question common assumptions and social norms? **True.**
180. Which aspect of life do human beings try to improve? **Their social position.**
181. Does feminism seek to address gender-based discrimination? **True.**
182. At what level of analysis do functionalist and conflict theories generally focus? **Macro-level.**
183. How did Émile Durkheim view society? **As a complex system with interrelated structures.**
184. What does the social location of an individual in society refer to? **The individual's position in society.**

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185. Experiments are useful for determining what type of relationship between variables? **Cause-and-effect relationships.**
186. Which type of sampling provides everyone in the target population an equal chance of being included? **Random sampling.**
187. Can non-verbal communication sometimes lead to confusion? **True.**
188. What is assimilation? **A process in which minority groups lose their identity and adopt the cultural patterns of the dominant group.**
189. The cultural patterns of which group are adopted during assimilation? **The dominant group.**
190. Are correlation and causation interchangeable terms? **False.**
191. What did Karl Marx emphasize as a driving force of history? **Economic inequality.**
192. What does conflict theory stress about society? **Conflict and competition.**
193. What does research often start with? **A research problem and research question.**
194. What is a major concern of conflict theory? **Social inequalities and power dynamics.**
195. Is plagiarism considered unethical in sociological research? **True.**
196. The study of what was a major contribution of Émile Durkheim? **Suicide.**
197. Can scientific methods and principles be applied to the study of social phenomena in sociology? **True.**
198. Which of the following is a characteristic of the primary group? **Deep emotions**
199. Which of the following is the main area of study in sociology? **Human society**
200. The main objective of social interaction is: **To develop friendships and companionship**
201. Ethics in research require honesty, but they do not forbid the falsification of results. **False**
202. Taboos are behaviors that are widely accepted in most societies. **False**
203. Which of the following is accurate example of primary group? **Family members**
204. A society can not survive without: **Cooperation**
205. Sociology seeks to explain _____ of human society. **Social dynamics**
206. Scientific research in sociology often depends on secrecy and biases. **False**
207. Social change and _____ are closely inter-linked. **Social justice**
208. Social problems arise from structural factors and have implications for individuals and society. **True**
209. Social norms, values, and beliefs have no influence on human actions and interactions. **False**
210. Which one of the following is NOT an example of non-verbal communication? **Talking**
211. Scientific methods and principles cannot be applied to the study of social phenomena in sociology. **False**
212. Cultural diversity does not play any role in preserving cultural heritage, encouraging mutual respect and understanding, and promoting economic growth. **False.**
213. According to social sciences, which of the following factors is the foundation of personality? **Social experience.**
214. Media is playing a ____ role in shaping cultural norms, beliefs, and values. **A significant role.**
215. Pakistan has a rich cultural diversity due to the existence of ____ groups. **Ethnic, linguistic, and religious groups.**
216. Which approach explores the influence of human biology on culture? **Sociobiology.**
217. Which of the following are examples of cultural universals? **All of the given options.**

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218. The economy as an institution in every society is an example of what? **Cultural universal.**
219. One of the main characteristics of ___ organizations is that they tend to develop into bureaucracies. **Formal organizations.**
220. The informal rules and expectations that guide people's everyday behavior are known as what? **Folkways.**
221. Which type of group primarily interacts through technology, such as online communities? **Virtual groups.**
222. The concept used to describe the discomfort experienced when adjusting to a new culture is known as what? **Culture shock.**
223. Languages, beliefs, values, norms, and attitudes are examples of what? **Non-material culture.**
224. The effect of culture shock is a feeling of _____. **Anxiety.**
225. How does bureaucracy promote fairness and impartiality? **By treating everyone equally and following rules and regulations.**
226. If a society aims to promote principles of fairness, what type of culture is this? **Ideal culture.**
227. Bureaucracies are known for their structured and rule-based operations. **True.**
228. Which of the following is NOT a common symptom of culture shock? **An intense sense of curiosity.**
229. Mass communication involves interactive exchanges with spontaneity. **False.**
230. Secondary groups offer deep emotional connections. **False.**
231. Which of the following best characterizes mass communication compared to face-to-face communication? **One-way communication.**
232. Which term is used for tangible culture? **Artifacts / material culture.**
233. The existence of different cultural beliefs, values, and practices within a society is called what? **Cultural diversity.**
234. Which culture has been promoted by the media in Pakistani society? **Urban culture.**
235. Difficulty in communication and understanding is a common effect of language barriers when traveling abroad. What does this describe? **Culture shock.**
236. Sociologists use the term ___ to refer to the lifelong social experience of learning culture. **Socialization.**
237. Which concept refers to the transformation of cultural norms, values, and practices over time? **Cultural change.**
238. What is the nature-versus-nurture debate concerned with? **The importance of genetics and environment in shaping human behavior.**
239. Virtual groups primarily interact through technology such as online communities and social media. **True.**
240. What dysfunction can arise from bureaucratic structures? **Lack of accountability and responsibility.**
241. Reference groups are used to assess one's own attitudes and behavior. **True.**
242. What is a major challenge for formal organizations? **Rapid globalization.**
243. Respect for elders is a cultural universal. **True.**
244. What is the feeling of discomfort experienced when immersed in a new culture called? **Culture shock.**
245. Norms that control everyday behavior and are relatively mild in terms of consequences for violations are known as what? **Folkways.**

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246. Resistance to a family-planning technique is an example of what? **Cultural relativism.**
247. Promoting cultural diversity can lead to cultural homogenization and loss of unique cultural identity. **False.**
248. In Pakistan, the media has contributed to the growth of consumerist culture in the urban middle class. **True.**
249. People with a common status, such as homeowners or college graduates, automatically constitute a social group. **False.**
250. Which of the following is a feature of secondary groups? **Formal relationships.**
251. Which statement best describes an ideal culture? **The culture that is desired.**
252. The distribution of Zakat during Ramadan in Pakistan is an example of what type of culture? **Real culture.**
253. Which of the following is a result of the growing interdependence of bureaucratic organizations? **Cooperative research efforts.**
254. What is the definition of an out-group? **A group of people who are viewed as being in opposition to or in competition with another group.**
255. The rise of women's empowerment in Pakistani society is an example of what? **Cultural change.**
256. Which is the most important agent of primary socialization? **Family.**
257. Secondary socialization is increasingly shaped by exposure to technology and global media. **Increasingly.**
258. Each unit within a ___ performs specialized functions. **Bureaucracy.**
259. Sociologists claim that ___ turns us into conforming members of society. **Socialization.**
260. Which study of children provides insight into the importance of socialization? **The study of feral children.**
261. Folkways are informal rules and expectations that guide people's everyday behavior. **True.**
262. A girl who was kept in a dark room for most of her life is an example of what? **An isolated child.**
263. Secondary groups are characterized by deep emotional connections between members. **False.**
264. Which term is used for a social group that serves as a point of reference in making evaluations and decisions? **Reference group.**
265. Feral children typically struggle to learn social skills. **True.**
266. The study of isolated children provides insight into the importance of socialization. **True.**
267. A counterculture is a cultural group that challenges or rebels against the dominant cultural norms and values of society. **True.**
268. Which statement best defines a social group? **Two or more people who interact with one another.**
269. What are examples of early formal organizations? **The Army and the Roman Catholic Church.**
270. It has been reported that in Pakistan there are rare instances of children being kept in extreme isolation. **True.**
271. Cultural diversity contributes to the development of ___ among members of society. **Tolerance.**
272. Contemporary societies rely on ___ groups for work, education, and leisure time. **Secondary groups.**
273. Marriage as an institution in every society is an example of what? **Cultural universal.**

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274. Dyad groups are more stable than triad groups. **False.**
275. In the process of ____, workers begin to feel more like objects than people. **Alienation.**
276. Values are abstract standards of goodness, while beliefs are specific thoughts that individuals consider true. **True.**
277. Exchanging information, ideas, and opinions is involved in which function of a social group? **Communication.**
278. All workers in bureaucracies experience alienation from their work. **True.**
279. Culture consists of everything we learn in groups from birth to death. **True.**
280. Which of the following is a characteristic of a primary group? **Strong emotional ties/deep emotional connections.**
281. Political and economic factors are shaping cultural change in Pakistan, including the rise of populism and increasing wealth inequality. **True.**
282. Which of the following is NOT considered a component of culture? **Genetic inheritance.**
283. The Army and Roman Catholic Church were characterized by hierarchical structures in which senior ranks held authority over junior members. **True.**
284. Which concept is a dynamic and ongoing process that continues throughout life? **Socialization.**
285. A dyad is the smallest social group with how many members? **Two members.**
286. Which of the following is an example of cultural change? **A society adopting new practices.**
287. Taboos are culturally defined standards that people use to decide what is desirable and good for social living. **False.**
288. Humans are the only creatures that are not self-conscious and aware of their limitations. **False.**
289. Which statement about bureaucratic incompetence is accurate? **The Peter Principle.**
290. How do norms contribute to maintaining social order within a culture? **Norms guide and regulate acceptable behavior in society.**
291. Culture shock may lead to a ____ in an individual's feeling of anxiety. **Increase in anxiety.**
292. Sanctions are used to encourage conformity to norms and punish deviations. **True.**
293. Culture shock is the mental adjustment that occurs when an individual encounters a culture similar to their own culture. **False.**
294. Which trend has influenced patterns of work and industrial organization? **Rational decision-making.**
295. In all societies and cultures people have same status and role. **False**
296. Which of the following is NOT an example of cultural universal? **Birth**
297. What does "Real Culture" represent? **The norms, values, and practices that are actually practiced**
298. Micro level analysis in sociology focuses on individual actions, behaviors, and attitudes. **True**
299. What are social problems, according to C. Wright Mills? **Conflict with certain values**
300. Who among the following is known as second founder of sociology **Herbert Spenser**
301. Which of the following concept refers to the mechanisms that maintain social order and conformity? **Social control**
302. Which one of the following agents of socialization provides models for behavior and communication styles, and shape children's ideas about social role and relationship? **Family**

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303. What does "targeted deterrence" mean in the context of ideal social control methods?
Specific focused interventions
304. In which of the following stage of research process, researcher tries to make connection between different variables? **Theoretical Framework**
305. In some cases Hindus feel their own culture as superior to others. they show:
Multiculturalism
306. Those patterns which approximate cultural prospects are known as: **real culture**
307. Perceived sex differences in society play their role in shaping. **Gender identities**
308. Which of the following is the first step in conducting sociological investigation? **Area of Interest Identified**
309. Primary socialization often influenced by family and ____ traditions. **Religious**
310. The purpose of specialization in a bureaucratic organization is: **To maximize efficiency and expertise**
311. In terms of internal control mechanisms, the combined influence of family upbringing and cultural norms is often referred to socialization. **True**
312. Sociologists look for social location in a society, in order to see: **why people do what they do**
313. Parents are concerned about their children hanging out with _____ in neighborhoods. **Criminals**
314. Freud's notion of the ego referred to: **The unconscious mass of instinctive drives**
315. Co-workers at a place of work and members of a political party are examples of: **Secondary group**
316. Virtual group primarily interact through technology, like _____ communities and social media. **Online**
317. In which stage of research process the specific issue to be researched may not be identified properly? **Broad Area of Interest Identified**
318. In some cases Hindus feel their own culture as superior to others, they show: **Ethnocentrism**
319. Which of the following type of children are known as feral children? **Those children who are isolated from the society**
320. Informal social control is commonly effective in addressing: **Neighborhood disputes**
321. Imprisonment is an example of which type of social control? **Formal**
322. Preliminary information gathering on the issue that has been observed by a researcher is known as: **Exploration**
323. Who among the following is the pioneer of bureaucracy? **Max weber**
324. The information that can be verified with our senses is: **Empirical evidence**
325. Suppose you are going to study the impact of poverty on crime rates, you are following which scientific characteristic? **Determinism**
326. Which of the following study of children provides insights into the importance of socialization and human contact in the development of language? **Feral**
327. In which of the following age groups may socialization happen through romantic relationships? **Adolescence**
328. Science can be defined as: **a logic system base knowledge of direct systematic observation**

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329. Re-socialization enforces the values of those in status quo who hold power and authority. **True**
330. Observation and re-observation is the main characteristic of: **science**
331. In theoretical framework which of the following task is done by researcher? **network associations variables**
332. In which type of group an individual feels hostility or opposition? **Out-group**
333. Which of the following sociologist originated the term stigma to describe the labels society uses to discredit people? **Erving Goffman**
334. Which of the following is an approach to understanding human behavior by placing it within its broader social context? **Social perspective**
335. In a tongue-in-cheek analysis of _____ Laurence Peter proposed a principle called Peter principle. **Bureaucracies**
336. All the students in Sociology class will be known as a: **Crowd**
337. Sutherland's Differential Association theory emphasizes the role of _____ in shaping an individual's behavior. **Peer groups**
338. The process of establishing our _____ identity starts from family. **Gender**
339. Erving Goffman used which of the following term to refer to attributes that discredit people? **Stigma**
340. Who among the following focuses on basic tasks of society those are important for survival of the system? **Talcott Parsons**
341. Language is a system of symbols that allows people to: **Communicate with each other**
342. The theory which highlights the importance of cultural context in understanding human behavior and societal patterns is: **Cultural determinism**
343. Despite potential harm, corporate crime is sometimes perceived as not being taken severely because the victims of corporate crimes are often unaware of the harm. **True**
344. If a number of people share some common characteristics, they will be called as a: **category**
345. Which of the following term is used to describe a process of preparing and collecting data? **Data collection**
346. Empiricism is a combination of: **Observation, verification, testing**
347. Weber claimed that class divisions derive not only from control or lack of control of the means of production, another element also affects it which is: **Economic differences**
348. People should develop the ability to understand their own lives in terms of larger social forces, it is known as: **sociological imagination**
349. Thinking of society as a living organism in which each part of the organism contributes to its survival is a reflection of which theoretical perspective? **Functionalist**
350. Which of the following is a manifest function of schools? **Learning of during manners**
351. You are a student of Sociology class at Virtual University, its status _____ is your: **Social**
352. Who among the following first used discipline of Sociology to assess their ideas? **European**
353. The primary motivation for individuals involved in corporate crime is revenge against competitors. **False**
354. Advertising companies are using images to influence gender roles in society. **True**
355. The information that can be verified with our senses is known as: **empirical evidence**

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356. The debate between nature and nurture is ongoing and has implications for understanding of _____ behavior and development. **Non-human**
357. A person who violates the rules could be identified as _____ in Pakistan. **Deviant**
358. The larger arena in which we make our decisions in everyday situation is called: **Society**
359. Mr. Baqir is 45 years old, working as a manager in a bank. One day he evaluates his current position in context with his early expectations to life. This evaluation process occurs at which stage of life course? **Middle adulthood**
360. Elderly people experience _____ that involves discrimination. **Agesim**
361. Which option best describes the characteristic of bureaucracy: **Specialization and division of labor**
362. Sociology as a separate academic discipline was introduced by: Emile **Durkheim**
363. In which of the following age group, individual may face a pressure to establish his/her career. **Adolescence**
364. Family and marriage is a feature of all the cultures. **Universal**
365. All Muslims are terrorists, is an example of: **Stereotypes**
366. Charles Horton Cooley looking-glass self-describes others point of view regarding yourself. **True**
367. Which of the following perspectives sees deviance as a normal and necessary part of people living together? **Structural Functionalism**
368. Which of the following theorists considered Class Conflict as a key to human existence in history? **Karl Marx**
369. Ideal Culture can provide individuals with a sense of identity and purpose, but Real Culture can also cause conflict and tension when it contradicts the ideals. **True**
370. How does the usual comparison between ideal culture and real culture unfold? **Ideal culture often reflects higher aspirations than those practiced in real culture**
371. Which concept refers to a status that has special importance for social identity, often shaping a person's entire life? **Master status**
372. Which one of the following is an everyday meaning of social status? **Power**
373. Quaid-e-Azam being a great leader of Pakistan is _____ for Pakistanis. **Reference individual**
374. If a society aims to promote principles of fairness and societal equity, which of the following type of culture does this exemplify? **Ideal**
375. Language is a system of symbols that allows people to communicate with each other. **True**
376. How many factors lead to the development of sociology as a discipline? **Three**
377. Feral children typically struggle to learn social skills. **True**
378. The effect of Culture Shock is feeling of: **Anxiety**
379. Media is playing _____ role in shaping cultural norms, beliefs, and values. **Significant**
380. Which of the following children are raised in isolation? **Feral**
381. In UK the peak age for offending boys and girls is: Select correct option: **18 years**
382. How many factors lead to the development of sociology as a discipline? **Three**
383. The more apparent cause towards shift in nuclear family system is: **Culture**
384. Which one of the following is every society's most important primary group? **Play group**
385. Goals of science include all EXCEPT: **To predict and explain**

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386. According to the sociological explanation, all are the characteristics of deviance EXCEPT: **Deviance lies in response to others**
387. Why gender is a social construction? **Because society determines the gender image**
388. Which one of the following BEST explains a Crowd? **Passengers waiting at a bus terminal**
389. According to Sutherland's Differential Association theory individuals learn deviant behavior through random chance encounters. **False**
390. The idea of Darwinism for the development of human society was applied by: **Herbert Spencer**
391. In replacement of hypothesis what else could be produced by researcher in his/her study? **Question**
392. Social interaction is a more healthy activity in older years of age. **True**
393. Shoplifting is an example of which of the following types of crime? **Property**
394. A statement of how and why specific facts are related is called: **Theory**
395. Each unit within _____ performs specialized tasks, which are designed to contribute to the organization's goals. **Bureaucracy**
396. From the ages of 13 to 17, or during adolescence, which sense is established to navigate emotional pressures? **Autonomy**
397. Suppose in a Madrassa school system students are encouraged to start their own business rather than doing jobs in NGOs, which type of function is it performing? **Latent**
398. The socially defined expectations that a person in a given status follows are called his/her: **Performance**
399. How can an understanding of cultural components such as language and customs be applied in the field of tourism to enhance the travel experience for tourists? **By providing multilingual guides and respecting local customs**
400. According to social sciences, which of the following factors is the foundation of personality? **Social experience**
401. In which characteristic of scientific method a statement is opened to challenge by anyone? **Self correcting**
402. An increasing trend in our society with reference to purchase of summer clothes is of designers' lawn. It can be included in: **popular culture**
403. Suppose a professional who is also a parent and is unable to decide whether to work an extra hour at office or attend a meeting at his child's school. He is experiencing role: **Strain**
404. Which of the following provides the basic picture of a society? **Paradigm**
405. In which of the following age groups, individuals explore new interests and opportunities? **Adolescence**
406. In Pakistani society, teenagers are advised by elders to avoid smoking and mixing with other gender. This practice comes under which type of norm? **Proscriptive**
407. In which of the following age group, socialization is mainly facilitated by community organization? **Adolescence**
408. The replicability of the phenomenon is essential for repeating the observation, it is characteristic of scientific method. **Verifiable**
409. What is the main criticism of the functional perspective in relation to deviation? **Overemphasizes positive aspects**

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410. In the context of positive sanctions, what does "smiles to formal awards" represent?
Rewards to acknowledge conformity
411. C. Wright Mills gave the idea of: **Social Imagination**
412. The socially defined expectations that a person in 4 given status follows are called his/her
Roles
413. The rise of social media influencers is an example of: **Cultural change**
414. Secondary socialization is _____ shaped by exposure to technology and global media.
Increasingly
415. Popular culture is mostly associated with: **Mass media, entertainment, and consumer trends**
416. Who among the following gave the idea of Sociological Imagination? **C.Wright Mills**
417. Sociology is: **The systematic study of social behavior and human groups**
418. The geographical movement between town, cities and neighborhood is known a mobility.
Lateral mobility
419. Salma joined an organization to pursue the goals which she considered morally worthwhile. Identify the type of organization. **Normative**
420. Transnational adolescence belongs to post-industrial nations. **False**
421. Late adulthood covers which years of life course? **50 to 65**
422. Which of the following is the most important derivative source of moral judgments?
Religion
423. Which one of the following concepts refers to 4 social group with only two members? **A Dyad**
424. Homicide is a type of violent crime. **True**
425. All of the following concepts are socially constructed EXCEPT: **Death**
426. Which of the following last step of research process? **Report writing**
427. Which of the following is not an example of an external means of social control? **Norms**
428. In Pakistan, the media has contributed to the growth of consumerist culture in: **Urban upper class**
429. Who among following is the advocate of the Symbolic Interaction Paradigm? **Auguste Comte**
430. Language is a system of _____ that allows people to communicate with each other.
Symbols
431. Suppose Mr. Anwar decides to leave a job voluntarily. he experiences: **Role exit**
432. Opera is an example of which of the following types of culture in Western societies? **True**
433. All of the following concepts are socially constructed phenomenon EXCEPT: **death**
434. Opera is an example of which of the following types of culture in Western societies? **high**
435. At which stage of sociological investigation problem definition is done? **Third**
436. Quaid -e-Azam being a great leader of Pakistan is for Pakistanis. **Ideal personality**
437. Suppose, two researchers found that high suicide rate in Pakistan is due to increasing poverty, it means that the phenomenon Poverty is: **Deterministic**
438. If all the women in a society will start doing job then it is expected that child rearing will be suffered and divorce rate will be increased. This situation is indicated as by **Robert K. Merton**.

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439. The concept of Old Age in Pakistan is different from West, if you are going to study the old age patterns in Pakistani society which approach will you follow? **Seeing the general in the particular**
440. According to the functionalist perspective, which one of the following is the most notable feature of society. **stability**
441. Suppose you are going to analyze the impact of food chemicals on health condition of a group of children. This phenomenon can also be observed by your friends and other people around and can be tested as well Which characteristic of scientific method is applicable here? **Verifiable**
442. Suppose Ahmad murdered his class fellow on a petty matter. Investigator collects information about his personality and habit from family, friends and teachers. The investigator is most likely to follow which school of Thought **Sociology**
443. All of the following statements are true for the "Identity as Deviance" Except: **Does not lead to the social exclusion**
444. Farah; a ten year old girl was thirsty, rather than waiting for her mother to refill her glass of water, she rushed to her brother across the table and snatched his glass for drinking water. In her action which element of Freud's theory was involved? **ID**
445. Struggle and revolution that may change the system is the basic motto of which theoretical paradigm? **Structural functionalist**
446. Sociology differs from common sense as: **it focuses on the researchers own experiences**
447. In which of the following age group, individuals may experiment different identities? **Adolescence**
448. Lack of interest in success but supports the means is _____ mode of adoption. **Ritualism**
449. Whistle, flashing light, thumbs up are all examples of: **Symbols**
450. Who among following is the advocate of the Symbolic Interaction Paradigm? **Herbert Spenser**
451. Which of the following theories claims that individuals are naturally inclined to deviance? **Strain**
452. The primary motivation of people engaged in white collar crime is personal gain and profit. **True**
453. The issue of child labor is associated with: **Developing countries**
454. Which of the following is a characteristic of the primary group? **Deep emotions**
455. Working-class parents give punishments to their children to discipline them. **True**
456. Which of the following parts of a culture typically lags behind when it undergoes transformation? **Non-material**
457. Which type of standards have been considered as essential in maintaining 4 way of life? **folkway**
458. Which of the following look for answers in factors outside the individual? **Sociologists**
459. The ability to learn about reasoning and self-image is not a part of socialization. **False**
460. Which types of organizations are called as total institutions? **coercive**
461. The forefront tool to influence public and political opinion is _____ mass media. **Contemporary**
462. Pakistani team is for Australian team. **Play group**

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463. What specific types of financial wrongdoing were associated with individuals named in the Panama Papers leak related to Pakistan? **Tax evasion and money laundering**
464. Why is certainty of punishment crucial in the deterrence hypothesis? **Deters criminal behavior**
465. Which one of the following is NOT a pull factor of migration? **political stability**
466. Sub-cultures and counter-cultures can not contribute to the growth and evolution of a society by challenging the status quo and promoting diversity. **False**
467. Insider trading is an example of which of the following types of crime? **White-collar**
468. Which of the following is also known as social dynamic? **Social change**
469. Which of the following type of culture refers to the proper usage of any modern innovation in human society? **Material**
470. Which of the following is ignored by Structural Functionalists in their theories? **Modernization and its impact**
471. Behaviors that are considered extremely offensive or forbidden in a given culture are known as: **Taboos**
472. Which of the following is an example of a reference group? **A group of coworkers in the same department**
473. Which of the following is the BEST example of society's act on our social actions? **Restriction on dowry practices in India**
474. Who among the following is recognized as founder of sociology? **Auguste Comte**
475. In which characteristic of scientific method observation of one researcher can be confirmed or rejected by other researcher? **Verifiable**
476. Which of the following is recognized as, a clear, precise and concise statement of the question or issue that is to be investigated with the goal of finding an answer or solution? **Problem definition**
477. Which one of the following is considered the study of everyday interaction of individuals and group behavior? **sociology**
478. Which of the following is the most common factor in juvenile delinquency in Pakistan? **Absolute Poverty**
479. Pollution leading to physical harm/death, and there are side effects of drugs as well as contraceptives, such crimes are often seen as: **Crimes of the powerful**
480. Providing different types of health facilities to different social classes on the basis of their economic system is an example of: **Social status**
481. Systematic observation and impartiality are associated with: **scientific method**
482. According to George Herbert Mead, the situation that cause resistance and challenge for the assigned roles in society is known as: **Downplay**
483. What is the significance of quickness in punishment according to the deterrence hypothesis? **Strengthens deterrence**
484. Considering oneself a Pakistani is an example of **Social status**
485. The standard quality of life is affected by the _____ and opportunities. **Resources**
486. The interpretation of facts with the help of logical arguments is known as **rationalism**
487. One of the main characteristics of _____ organizations is that they tend to develop into bureaucracies. **Formal**

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488. Interaction with others in their own age group within peer groups contributes to the development of a sense of identity for: **Adolescents**
489. Why some groups are called as primary groups"? **All of the given options**
490. The media has played a role in perpetuating traditional gender roles that have limited the opportunities available to women in society. **True**
491. Which activity can help individuals energetically participate in the process of overcoming culture shock? **Participating in cultural events and festivals**
492. What is the term for the process by which people disengage from important social roles? **Role exit**
493. The change in thinking pattern of Auguste Comte was result of: **Industrial revolution**
494. A reaction the person repeatedly violates a norm and begins to take on a deviant identity, this is called as: **Secondary deviance**
495. Which of the following is involved when a surgeon chooses not to operate on her own because the personal involvement of motherhood could impair her professional objectivity as a physician? **Role conflict**
496. A temporary cluster of individuals who may or may not interact at all is known as: **Crowd**
497. All of the following are functions of a Primary Group EXCEPT: **Social control execution**
498. Differential Association in Edwin Sutherland's theory means the differences in family upbringing. **False**
499. In the absence of which of the following conditions a child's learning capacity is last? **Interaction**
500. Rigid and unfair generalization about an entire category of people is called: **Prejudice**
501. Classical music in Pakistan is an example of which of the following types of culture? **High**
502. Early sociologists viewed aberrant behavior as a social illness because they considered it a _____ to society's survival. **Threat**
503. When children mimic the roles of their parents, it is known as plagiarism. **False**
504. Which one of the following is guided by values in everyday life? **culture and practices**
505. Folkways are informal rules and expectations that guide people's everyday behavior. **True**
506. A mental adjustment that occurs when people encounter a culture similar to their own is known as the concept of cultural shock. **False**
507. In which of the following approaches, socialization is viewed as a site of struggle, where individuals and groups can resist and challenge gendered norms and expectations? **Feminist**
508. Ahmed has a great difficulty in changing his social status due to pressure of elders: he is representing which of the following system? **Closed**
509. How many factors lead to the development of sociology as a discipline? **Three**
510. The definition of an out-group is: **A group of people who are competitive towards other group**
511. According to Erving Goffman, how do stigmas affect individuals? **Social disapproval**
512. Bureaucratic environment gives rise to which of the following? **alienation**
513. Co-workers at a place of work, members of a political party could be other examples of: **Secondary**
514. Contemporary society relies on _____ groups for work, education, and leisure time. **Secondary**

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515. The media is a tool of the socialization process. **True**
516. Which of the following is also known as social static? **Social order**
517. Which one of the following BEST explains a Secondary Group? **Students of psychology class**
518. In Pakistani society people are ranked in upper, middle and lower classes. this ranking of society shows: **Social stratification**
519. Friends, family, sub-cultures and police that influence us to not to deviate, are all part of **Outer control system**
520. Everyday interaction of individuals is the essence of society is the basic theme of which theoretical perspective? **Structural functionalist**
521. In the context of early sociology, aberrant behavior was often compared to an illness to emphasize the: **Harmful impact on social stability**
522. Which one of the following has less moral significance for individuals and is less reacted upon by the people? **folkways**
523. Away of understanding the world based on science is called as: **Positivism**
524. Conducting a survey or setting up the experiments of study is done in which stage of research process? **Research design**
525. Expressions of disapproval for deviant behavior are known as _____. **Negative sanctions**
526. The "dread of punishment" as an inner control suggests that people fear all forms of punishment equally. **False**
527. What causes a society to change after its settlement? Auguste Comte looks for the answer of this question in: **Scientific method**
528. In which of the following age group, individual may experiment different social roles? **Adolescence**
529. In which of the following approaches, socialization is viewed as individual or groups resistance regarding gendered roles? **Feminist**
530. Which type of forces work even in the isolated situation of self-destruction? **Social**
531. People with a common status, such as homeowners or college graduates, are considered a social group. **True**
532. Which of the following term is used by the sociologist to describe the lifetime social experiences? **Socialization**
533. Which of the following are characteristics of bureaucracies according to Weber? **Impersonality and specialization**
534. Riot against Government on Mall road is an example of **social orientation**
535. The distribution of Zakkat in Ramadan in Pakistan is an example: **Ideal culture**
536. Culture consists of everything we learn in groups from birth to death. **True**
537. An Austrian Fritzl family, where a father kept his daughter locked up in a basement for 24 years is an example of: **Isolated children**
538. Suppose you are ordered by your CEO to fire one of the employees of your team who is also your close friend, you are expected to face: **Role strain**

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539. Suppose in a madrassa school system students are encouraged to run a campaign against the products of international organization or companies, which type of function it is performing? **Dysfunction**
540. _____ is process whereby people learn through interaction with others. **Socialization**
541. Suppose you are trying to explore the factors of beggary in Pakistan by applying scientific method, which theoretical approach are you applying in this situation? **positivism**
542. The process by which people act and react in relation to others is called: **Social interaction**
543. A sociologist observes that the economic and religious systems in the United States help to maintain the stability of the society. Which sociological perspective indicates this approach? **Functionalist perspective**
544. All of the following are examples of non-verbal communication EXCEPT: **Walk**
545. Suppose Nadeem is habitual of stealing stationary items from different places. He is caught by his company manager and they tried to explore the causes of his habit within his personality. The manager is most likely follow which school of thought? **Psychological**
546. Suppose in your native land employment opportunities are limited and agricultural developments poor. proposed idea is to migrate toward cities. Which factor of migration will be involved in this situation? **push**
547. At which step of sociological investigation researcher tells about tools of data collection? **research design**
548. The ranking of people and the rewards they receive based on objective criteria. often including wealth, power, and prestige indicates: **Social stratification**
549. Government agencies working for the social welfare of the masses are considered as: **Coercive organizations**
550. Suppose a teacher is preparing his/her students for doing a job at managerial level, he/she is performing which type of function? **Latent**
551. Bureaucracies can be so bound by _____ that when officials apply their rules, the results can be defying all logic. **Red Tape**
552. Socialization in the _____ typically begins with the earliest interactions between parents and infants and continues throughout childhood and adolescence. **Family**
553. Discrimination on the basis of caste is considered deviant in all of the following religions EXCEPT: **Hinduism**
554. According to which perspective, socialization play a crucial role in passing down culture from one generation to the next? **Functionalism**
555. Homesickness is an example of which of the following concept: **Cultural shock**
556. Erving Goffman's concept of stigma is primarily concerned with understanding the positive aspects of social identity. **False**
557. The framework of the corridor curriculum appears to place strong emphasis on issues of _____, racism, and social dynamics within the school. **Discrimination**
558. Interaction with others in their own age group within peer groups contributes to the development of a sense of identity for: **Adolescents**
559. Which one of the following deviant behaviors may face social exclusion from the mainstream society of Pakistan? **Illegal selling of drugs**

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560. The existence of different cultural beliefs, values, and practices within a society is called: **Cultural diversity**
561. Which of the following process teach individuals values, norms, and roles necessary for society to function? **Socialization**
562. The subculture is: **A smaller cultural group within a larger society with distinct characteristics**
563. The forefront tool to influence public and political opinion is _____ mass media. **Contemporary**
564. The roles and expectations perpetrated by socialization in ferminist approach are related to: **Gender roles**
565. During adolescence, individuals experience _____ in identities while exploring their social roles. **Variation**
566. A key distinguishing feature of corporate crime is its focus on the wrongdoing of _____ rather than individuals. **Organizations**
567. According to Edwin Schur (1971), people who internalize the deviant identity perceive themselves as completely normal. **True**
568. Which of the following perspectives sees deviance as a normal and necessary part of people living together? **Structural Functionalism**
569. In the concept of "broad deterrence" what is the focus of ideal social control methods? **Generalized prevention measures**
570. Which of the following term is used to refer the custom, art, and social interactions of a particular society? **Culture**
571. Homicide is a type of violent crime. **True**
572. In 2017 Panama Papers revealed cases of _____ in Pakistan. **Money laundering**
573. Informal social control is commonly effective in addressing: **Neighborhood disputes**
574. The approach to self and mind in socialization is viewed as shared reality that promotes: **Social integration**
575. Parents are concerned about their children hanging out with _____ in neighborhoods. **Criminals**
576. Positive sanctions are used to express disapproval of social behavior in society. **False**
577. In which of the following age group, individual may experiment different social roles? **Adolescence**
578. Laws are formal _____ enacted and enforced by the power of the state. **Rules**
579. How can family upbringing impact an individual's internal mechanisms of control? **Shape individual's behaviors**
580. In which of the following age groups, an individual is more keen on developing and maintaining social networks? **Adolescence**
581. Functionalists may overlook the ways in which social _____ can be used to maintain power differentials and nurture an individual. **Conflict**
582. Which of the following trends has influenced patterns of work and industrial organization? **Decentralization and flexibility**
583. In terms of internal control mechanisms, the combined influence of family upbringing and cultural norms is often referred to socialization. **True**

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584. Calling someone a “terrorist” is an example of which theory? **Labeling**
585. Language is a system of symbols that allows people to communicate with each other. **True**
586. The economy as an institution in every society is an example of: **Cultural universal**
587. Which of the following approach teaches individuals to internalize and accept gendered norms and expectations in society? **Functionalist**
588. In which of the following age group, individuals establish their own sense of identity and autonomy? **Adolescence**
589. A legal punishment for a crime is an example of a negative sanction for a deviant act. **True**
590. Property offenses which include the theft of items worth more than \$100 are categorized as: **Larceny-theft**
591. In Pakistan, three factors of socialization involves learning strength, _____ and respect for elders. **Work ethics**
592. Shoplifting is an example of which of the following types of crime? **Property**
593. Child abuse is an example of which of the following types of crimes? **Violent**
594. Socialization of self and mind is a _____ process. **Longlife**
595. Edwin Sutherland's concept of white-collar crime highlighted that such crimes are often committed within street gangs. **False**
596. According to George Herbert Mead, the ability of _____ refers to seeing oneself from others' perspective. **Role taking**
597. From birth to age 12, children's experiences vary according to _____ and culture. **Historical period**
598. Which one of the following is an example of an internal means of social control? Internalized **Values**
599. Social interaction is a more healthy activity in older years of age. **True**
600. Which perspective tends to downplay the ways of social marginalization that also create resistance to the self-agency of an individual? **Functionalist**
601. Adolescence is the age of internal turbulence. **True**
602. Peer groups can play a significant role in shaping fashion trends, music preferences, and attitudes towards dating and relationships. Peers can influence an individual's: **Peer group**
603. Social learning and peer influence are a key component of Differential Association theory. **True**
604. The purpose of the total institutions is to _____ individuals from their previous identities. **De-socialize**
605. Which one of the following is an example of a positive sanction? **Praise for good deeds**
606. Differential Association is a theory of how individuals learn to break or comply with _____ standards based on their associations. **Social**
607. In which of the following age group, individuals may experiment different identities? **Adolescence**
608. What does the criticism of the functional perspective reveal about its approach to studying deviation? **Neglects negative social consequences**
609. Transnational adolescence means individual independence of child from family during post-industrial nations. **True**

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610. In Pakistan, young adulthood is a time when adults face pressures to find a suitable _____ for marriage. **Partner**
611. In which of the following age groups, individual explore new interests and opportunities? **Adolescence**
612. In Pakistani culture, elderly people are considered as a valuable source of: **Wisdom**
613. Early sociologists viewed aberrant behavior as a social illness because they considered it a (n) _____ to society's survival. **Threat**
614. Why is certainty of punishment crucial in the deterrence hypothesis? **Deters criminal behavior**
615. A person who violates the rules could be identified as _____ in Pakistan. **Deviant**
616. Advertising companies are using images to influence gender roles in society. **True**
617. Which of the following is considered to be the primary agent of socialization? **Family**
618. Which of the following is the most important derivative source of moral judgments? **Family**
619. Which one of the following is an example of dysfunction of deviance? **Violent Mob**
620. How would the violent culture be perpetuated in neighborhood? **Peer influence in community**
621. Tax evasion by a wealthy executive is an example of a white-collar crime. **True**
622. Which of the following is an example of a violent crime? **Assault**
623. Religion is a framework to comprehend _____ and its moral values. **World**
624. According to Sigmund Freud, what is the consequence of unresolved conflicts in the unconscious mind regarding criminal behavior? **Heightened risk of criminal behavior**
625. Child abuse is an example of which of the following types of crimes? **Violent**
626. It is evident that the use of labels in schools could reinforce deviant behavior in children. Which theory best describes this behavior? **Labeling**
627. Secondary groups primarily interact to: **Achieve specific goals**
628. Which of the following age group experience socialization through different institutions like family, schools, and peer groups? **Childhood**
629. Going against a peer group and disobeying the rules labeled a person as an: **Outsider**
630. What is the significance of quickness in punishment according to the deterrence hypothesis? **Strengthens deterrence**
631. Informal social control alone is sufficient to deter deviation in many cases. **True**

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