



SOC401

Quiz for Mid-Term

ABSTRACT

This comprehensive collection of notes is accurately crafted to empower students to excel academically, ensuring they achieve a minimum of 80% marks in their examinations. The content is organized with clarity and precision, focusing on key concepts, critical analyses, and practical applications tailored to the syllabus. These notes serve as a reliable resource for both thorough preparation and last-minute revision. Designed to inspire confidence and mastery, this guide is an essential tool for students striving for academic excellence.

Maha Malik

Introduction to Cultural Anthropology

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1. Which decent depicts a person is related equally to both sides of the family? (Bilateral Descent)
2. The examining how different cultures and societies produce, distribute and consume the things they need to survive is known as (Economic Anthropology)
3. Which type of interviews are involve a minimum of control. (Unstructured)
4. Which of the following process led men to move away to the cities in order to earn more cash, often leaving women behind to undertake agricultural work? (Urbanization)
5. Which one of the following detailed anthropological study of a culture undertaken by a researcher? (Ethnography)
6. Fahad is a senior researcher; he developed a hypothesis that there is a link between migration and increasing poverty. On the basis of his findings the hypothesis was accepted. He is on _____ stage of fieldwork. (Interpretation)
7. As a researcher Ahmad resides in different societies in order to study the human behavior in cultural context, he is a(n): (Ethnographer)
8. The study of rules and practices for constructing meaningful bits of language alone or bound to other words is called: (Morphemes)
9. All of the following are the explanations of French Structuralism theory EXCEPT: (This theory tires to minimize bias and make ethnographic descriptions more accurate)
10. Who had distinguished between two types of societies based on mechanical solidarity and organic solidarity? (Emile Durkheim)
11. Which one of the following theories focuses on examining how local people themselves interpret their own values and behaviors? (Interpretive Anthropology)
12. Barter and exchange of goods are distinguish characteristic of which of the following? (Market exchange)
13. All food obtaining strategies cannot be seen as: (Mutually Exclusive)
14. Which of the following theory relies on scientific, empirical and the etic approach (Cultural Materialism)
15. Which one of the following is capable of effecting change in another element? (Independent variable)
16. Linguistics Anthropologist study_____ (All of the given)
17. The discovery of fishing technology and the use of fire emerged in which of the following developmental stage _____ (Middle savagery)
18. The standardized set of rules that determine how words should be combined to make sense to speakers of a language is known as: (Syntax)
19. Navaho language have verbs that contain _____ information than English language. (More)
20. Different cultures see the world differently due to their different language and culture; it was the basic point of _____. (The Sapir-Whorf Hypothesis)
21. What is the language family of English, French and Spanish language? (Indo-European language family)
22. Suppose a person is going to see the effectiveness of women empowerment package in Punjab, he/she will be called: (Trainer)
23. Which term of language emphasizes significant words in a given culture? (Cultural emphasis)
24. Which of the following is the function of kinship system that provides social continuity by binding together a number of generations? (Vertical)

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25. Societies based on organic solidarity have all the characteristics except common (interest in general)
26. Which one of the following types of anthropology is concerned with refining methods and theories (Pure)
27. Which type of interviews involve a minimum of control? (Unstructured)
28. Which one of the following type of anthropology is concerned refining methods and theories? (Pure)
29. Language is tied to a society's: (All of the given options)
30. Which of the following branch refers to the comparative and analytical aspects of cultural anthropology? (Ethnology)
31. Productivity of agriculturalists depends on: (All of the given options)
32. Which one of the following appears in a language without being attached to other words? (Free morpheme)
33. Which hypothesis assumes that different cultures see the world differently due to their different languages? (The Sapir-Whorf hypothesis)
34. According to kinship, consanguineal relations are: (Blood relations)
35. In many countries around the world men are supposed to go outside to home for earning purpose and women are considered to look after the children and home. This kind of practice can be defined as (gender role)
36. Zakat system in Pakistan is an example of: (Redistribution)
37. A part of economic system in which goods and services are transferred from producer to users is called? (Market Exchange)
38. _____ is a process where goods are taken from the natural environment and are altered to consumable goods. (Production)
39. Linguistic anthropologists study _____. (Language in a social context)
40. The practice to choose those species of plants and animals that maximize the caloric intake for the time spent on hunting and gathering is referred to: (Optimal foraging)
41. The revolution in form of information technology, opening of markets and the privatization of social services is usually known as _____. (Globalization)
42. Maladaptive or dysfunctional aspects of culture includes: (Pollution)
43. Son, father, grandfather are all categorized in the same category, and it is known as: (Lineality)
44. The study of pre-historic and historic cultures through the excavation of material remains is called (Archeology)
45. All thinks his own culture superior of others. He is _____ in his attitude. (Ethnocentric)
46. The study of pre-historic and historic cultures through the excavation of material remains is called? (Archaeology)
47. Collecting basic demographic data at the initial stages of fieldwork is known as _____. (Census Taking)
48. Which of the following term is used by anthropologists to describe any society with cities? (Civilization)
49. In many countries around the world, men are supposed to go outside the home for earning purpose and women are considered to look after the children and home. This kind of practice can be defined as: (Gender Roles)

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50. Which one of the following imparts cultural knowledge about certain population groups to different people? **(Trainer)**
51. Two different forms of language in a society such as "high" and 'low' or "official" and "common" is called as: **(Dialect/Diglossia)**
52. A general statement about how two or more facts are related to one another is known as _____. **(Theory)**
53. Which one of the following was NOT an emphasis of neo evolutionism theory? **(Values and beliefs)**
54. Food collectors acquire wild plants for their food intake by: **(Collecting)**
55. Which one of the following provides the sound structure to a language? **(Phonology)**
56. Which is the basic social unit amongst food collectors? **(Family)**
57. Contemporary food collecting societies have _____ population density. **(Low)**
58. Fahim is a researcher who is experiencing to live and deal with circumstances completely different to his own surroundings, **(he focusing culture shock)**
59. Behavioral data is collected through which of the following method? **(Interview)**
60. A part of economic system in which goods and services are transferred from producers to users is called: **(Distribution)**
61. According to the perspective of language families, which language is derived from Germanic dialect? **(English)**
62. The process of studying different cultures and there similarities is known as _____. **(Cultural anthropology)**
63. While studying the culture of “Amish” tribe Ahmad focuses on the cultural variation of this tribe by studying their external environment and historical influences. He focused on which theory? **(French structuralism)**
64. According to Ethno-linguists, language even shapes our _____ and provides a standardized way to react to experiences. **(Thoughts)**
65. Psychological anthropology is: **(Related to human psychology in social and cultural variation)**
66. The psychological reaction you experience when you are in a different culture from your own is called **(Ethnocentrism)**
67. The psychological reaction you experience when you are in a different culture from your own is called: **(Culture shock)**
68. Which of the following descent from either males or females is recognized but individuals may select only one line to trace descent. **(Ambilineal)**
69. Which one of the following is most common in societies with political bureaucracies? **(Redistribution)**
70. Which of the following is NOT an example of participant observation? **(Interviewing cultural counsellor)**
71. The foragers are well off and dubbed as the original affluent society by anthropologists because (of): **(They enjoy leisure time)**
72. Which form of descent is prevalent in foraging and industrialized societies? **(Bilateral)**
73. Which one of the following is considered as origin of languages in the language family? **(Proto language)**

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74. Which one of the following use research skills to determine how well a policy or program has succeeded in its objectives (Evaluator)
75. The institutions like family, religion, education, economy, and sports are found all over the world. This versatility of cultural systems around the world is called: (Cultural Universals)
76. Which one of the following is a technical term used by anthropologists to describe exchange of goods and services of almost equal value between two trading partners? (Reciprocity)
77. Food production became important for humans about: (10,000 years ago)
78. Socio-linguistics examines: (Link between languages and social structures)
79. Which of the following kinship systems emphasizes patrilineal descent? (Omaha)
80. According to horticulturist which one of the following is a useful form of production? Slash and (Burn Technique)
81. Who among the following are concerned with the issues related to dying out of rarely spoken languages (cultural anthropologists)
82. The Inuit in the Arctic region provide a good example of: (Hunting and gathering peoples)
83. Which one of the following theory states that culture evolves in direct proportion to their capacity to harness energy? (Neo-Evolution)
84. Higher the rate of education, lower will be the rate of poverty is a hypothesis in which population is _____ (Variable)
85. What is the percentage of vegetation in food intake prescribed by contemporary food collectors? (80%)
86. Which one of the following is the mother tongue of English? (German)
87. Who were criticized for the drought conditions of El Nino during the 1990s? (Scientists)
88. Functionalism focuses on: different parts of contemporary cultures which work for the well being of the individuals and the (society)
89. Art of pottery making indicates which development stage? _____ (Lower Barbarism)
90. America is a highly specialized society; it is an example of _____. (Organic solidarity)
91. The word "dislike" which conveys meaning by standing alone or being bound to other words, is an example of: (Morpheme)
92. Which of the following analysis is used to understand language structures and its underlying rules at a given point in time? (Synchronic)
93. Which type of study focuses on remote location? (Fieldwork)
94. Judging other culture on the basis of one's own culture is known as ____ (Ethnocentrism)
95. Horticulture is a form of food production which employs: (Simple tools and no draft animals)
96. Which language do not have singular and plural nouns? (Navaho)
97. Which one of the following is a technical term used by anthropologists to describe exchange of goods and services of almost equal value between two trading partners (Reciprocity)
98. Which one of the following is a subsistence pattern in which people make their living by tending herds of large animals? (Pastoralism)
99. Which one of the following technique is required to provide solid methodological base emphasizing the need for empirical evidence (Direct fieldwork)
100. The analysis of cultural data at a single point in time is referred as: (Synchronic analysis)

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101. A person who is related to both their mother's kin and their father's kin at the same time can fall under: (Bilateral descent or Parallel; decent)
102. Societies based on mechanical solidarity have all the characteristics EXCEPT: (High Specialization)
103. Which of the following method allows a researcher to study non-verbal behavior (Participant Observation)
104. Which of the following descent systems is able to accommodate two sides simultaneously? (Ambilineal)
105. The distribution of commodity among the people of a society is known: (Exchange)
106. English, French and Spanish are _____ with reference to language families. (Sister languages)
107. Which of the following production system depends primarily on domesticated animals for food? (Pastoralism)
108. Physical Anthropology is the study of humans from a _____ perspective. (Biological)
109. An anthropologist is interested to explore the changing patterns of marriage over the time. Which source of information will be focused by him? (Document Analysis)
110. Which analysis is carried out by linguists to understand the language structures and its underlying rules at a given point in time? (Synchronic analysis)
111. Which of the following theory is influenced by cultural relativism and ethno-science? (Post modernism)
112. The earliest form of humanity survival was on fruits and nuts, it falls under which development stage? (Lower Savagery)
113. The function of kinships that provide social solidarity and continuity within the same generation is called: (Horizontal function)
114. Which one of the following is an ambivalent system, which submerges the nuclear family into a larger kinship group? (Iroquois)
115. Which one of the following theories is criticized for being overly theoretical and not easily verifiable through empirical evidence? (Structuralism)
116. Particular features of a culture are known as _____ (Cultural traits)
117. The bilateral system of loose kinship networks is formed by all of the following EXCEPT: (Clan)
118. Societies based on organic solidarity have all the characteristics EXCEPT: (Common interest in general)
119. Functionalism focused on _____ different parts of contemporary cultures work for the well being of the individual and the (Society)
120. Clan composed of which kind of groups that claim descent, but they are unable to trace all their genealogical links? (Unilineal groups)
121. Close system of communication is associated with: (Animals)
122. According to anthropologists, language is random in nature because of its: (Diversity)
123. Which of the following kinship organization divide a society into two halves? (Moieties)
124. Functionalism focused on understanding culture from the viewpoint of _____. (Natives)

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125. All of the following are important elements to conduct field work EXCEPT: (Compare and contrast the culture)
126. Which one of the following is included in seed crops? (Wheat)
127. "Crime increases as urban population increases" is an example of: (Hypothesis)
128. Ali thinks his own cultural superior to others, he is _____ in his attitude. (Ethnocentric)
129. Son, father, grandfather are all categorized in same category, and it is known as: (Lineality)
130. Collecting basic demographic data at the initial stages of fieldwork is known as? (Census taking)
131. Which one of the following is NOT a dysfunctional aspect of culture? (Traveling)
132. In which of the following kin type, people are related or categorized through marriage? (Affinial)
133. Free-market economies free trade and competition are all ingredients of: (Globalization)
134. Choice of technique depends on which of the following _____ (Problem being studied)
135. Which of the following kinship system is associated with matrilineal descent? (matrilineal)
136. According to anthropologists, what is the nature of language? (Arbitrary)
137. The study of rules and practices for making and using sounds in a language is called: (Phonology)
138. Patrilineal descent affiliates a person with the kin of the _____ family? (Father's)
139. All of the following includes the types of crops grown by horticulturalists EXCEPT: (Fiber crops)
140. Food collecting people live in which of the following environment? (All of the given options)
141. The Bride-wealth that is the transfer of wealth from a groom's family to that of the bride's is approximately _____ in practice. (47%)
142. Which one of the following are unilineal groups which claim to be descent but unable to trace their relations? (Clans)
143. Commercialization of food is a distinctive feature of which of the following? (Industrialists)
144. Pastoralism involves a nomadic or semi-nomadic lifestyle within family based communities. (Small)
145. Which of the following descent able to accommodate two-sides simultaneously? (Bilateral)
146. Which of the following term is associated with the rule that emphasis on the members of the same group or category to marry within their social groups? (Endogamy)
147. Slash and burn can be a _____ form of production in unused areas of the vast land. (Efficient)
148. Which one of the following occurs when a newly married couple establishes their home independent of both sets of relatives? (Neolocal)
149. A trend where women tend to end up in close-ended jobs, less pay, exploitation, poor health, greater responsibility and bear more burden is known as: (Feminization of poverty)

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150. Most contemporary foraging societies stay on a _____ scale, unspecialized, egalitarian and non-centralized. (Small)
151. Which strategy is preferably adopted by food collectors in most of the societies? (Foraging the food)
152. Which of the following is a classic example of occupational segregation? (Pink-collar jobs)
153. According to anthropologists, what is the nature of language? (All of the given options)
154. The Lacondon Maya of Chiapas, Mexico achieve _____ levels of production from the same land and do so with maintaining rather than displacing them. (3)
155. Which food obtaining strategy utilize simple and small tools for transformation of plots in to cultivated land? (Horticulture)
156. Family is a social unit in which the members perform all of the following functions EXCEPT: (Living independently)
157. Food production became important for humans about: (10,000 years ago)
158. English, French and Spanish are _____ with reference to language families. (Sister languages)
159. Enabling inheritance is a useful function of which one of the following descent? (Double)
160. Which societies depend mostly for their living on domesticated herds of animals that feed on natural pasture? (Pastoralists)
161. The relations between man and wife tend to be more _____ in matrilineal societies. (Fragile)
162. Which of the following phenomena is used in most of the societies to justify the universal male dominance? (Gender ideology)
163. Kinship comprises of all of the following relations EXCEPT: (Verbal)
164. How many food obtaining strategies found in different cultures of the world? (Five)
165. Which descent groups are most common around the world? (Patrilineal descent)
166. Sixty percent of cultures in the world are: (Patrilineal or Unilineal)
167. Which term of kinship organization is based on a set of kin who can trace their ancestry back through known links? (Lineages)
168. Wheat, barley, rice, millet, oats and sorghum are the examples of which category of crops growth? (Seed crops)
169. Which term refers as two halves of a society related by descent? (Moieties)
170. Which of the following production system uses techniques like irrigation and fertilizers to produce substantial food surplus for large population? (Intensive agriculture)
171. According to Anthropologists, which factor does not set limits on food obtaining patterns? (Environmental)
172. The earliest cultivation occurred in the Fertile Crescent of the: (Middle East)
173. Productivity of agriculturalists depends on: (All of the given options)
174. Which one of the following is considered as origin of languages in the language family? (Proto language)
175. Dowry which is the transfer of wealth from a bride's family to that of the groom's is approximately _____ in practice. (3%)
176. The term "breadwinner" is mostly associated with which of the following? (Male head of the family)

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177. Which term best describes the environmental capacity of a given area? **Carrying capacity**
178. Crow kinship system is associated with which of the following descent system? **(Matrilineality)**
179. In which of the following type of reciprocity there is an explicit expectation of immediate return? **(Balanced reciprocity)**
180. Food collectors possess inbuilt mechanisms by which they mean: **(Low population and little use of technology)**
181. Marrying outside a given group is known as: **(Exogamy)**
182. Which category of crops growth is enriched with starch and carbohydrates? Root crops
Which types of families are often found in the societies with greatest amount of geographic mobility? **(Nuclear)**
183. Food collecting societies have all of the following characteristics EXCEPT: **(Shifting cultivation techniques)**
184. Division of sexes in the society on the basis of wealth, power, status, role and prestige is known as: **(Gender stratification)**
185. In America, dollar is used as a standardized currency to buy and sell goods and services. America is using: **(Market exchange system)**
186. According to cultural evolutionist theory, the earliest forms of humanity was surviving on fruits and nuts, this stage is called as: **(Lower Savagery)**
187. Which of following items are used to fertilize soil by slashing and burning wild vegetation to restore fertility of the barren land? **(Ash)**
188. In the present times, how many people survive by foraging in the different cultures? **Half a million**
189. In Margaret Mead's study of New Guinea tribes, Mead tried to show that: **(Personality differences between men and women vary cross culturally)**
190. Conservative Hindus and Rwandans in Central African insist on marrying within a group, they exhibit which type of marriage? **(Endogamy)**
191. Which residence occurs when a newly married couple establishes their home near or in the groom's maternal uncle's house? **(Avunculocal)**
192. Strategies for obtaining food _____ from culture to culture: **(Varies)**
193. _____ and herbicides are not used by traditional subsistence horticulturalists. **(Pesticides)**
194. Double descent is found _____ of world cultures. **(5%)**
195. Which of the following refers to the culturally defined relationships between individuals who are commonly thought of as having family ties. **(Kinship)**
196. The analysis of socio-cultural data through time, rather than at a single point in time is referred as: **(Diachronic analysis)**
197. The practice to choose those species of plants and animals that maximize the caloric intake for the time spent on hunting and gathering is referred to: **(Optimal foraging)**
198. _____ refers to the production of goods through the growing of plants, irrigation, mechanical implements and the raising of domesticated animals. **(Agriculture)**
199. Ahmad is cultural anthropologist who is interested in looking the changes in Urdu language overtime, Ahmad is conducting? **(Diachronic analysis)**

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200. How many people speak Mandarin (Chinese dialect) all over the world? (1 in 5 people)
201. In which of the following regions women carry enormous amounts of firewood on their backs? (Eastern Africa)
202. Which one of the following is a subsistence pattern in which people make their living by tending herds of large animals? (Pastoralism)
203. Nazia's parents give property and money to her husband in order to make marriage, this practice is called: (Dowry)
204. Which of the following is based on the assumption that it is a permanent contract? (Marriage)
205. Which of the following is NOT a type of marriage? (Patriarchy)
206. According to horticulturist which one of the following is a useful form of production? (Slash and Burn Technique)
207. Which of the following is the distribution of groups defined by ascribed characteristics, mostly gender, across occupations? (Occupational segregation)
208. Modern day families have which of the following trend? (Combined decision making)
209. Which subsistence pattern involves at least part time planting and tending of domesticated food plants? (Horticulture)
210. Nuclear families usually comprises of all of the following EXCEPT: (Neolocal)
211. Language is tied to a society's: (All of the given options)
212. What are the fictive ties with reference to kinships? (Adoption)
213. The Inuit in the Artic region provide good example of: (Hunting and gathering peoples)
214. Which one of the following provides the sound structure to a language? (Phonology)
215. Small-scale crop cultivation, the use of simple technology and the absence of irrigation is characterized as: (Horticulture)
216. Food collection involves systematic exploration of which of the following? (All of the given options)
217. The term "housewife" is mostly associated with which of the following? (Wife that looks after the home)
218. Transition from food collection to food production was due to demographic and environmental pressures, it was view of which of the following? (Archeologists)
219. How many categories of crops are usually grown by horticulturalists? (Three)
220. Amish tribe in Africa is an example of minimum specialization of labor, it is known as: (Mechanical solidarity)
221. Which one of the following looks for the part of some aspects of culture or social life that plays a role in maintaining cultural system? (Functionalism)
222. Which of the following is used in most societies to justify the universal male dominance? (Gender ideology)
223. Which of the following residence occurs when a newly married couple establishes their home near or in the bride's mother's house? (Matrilocal)
224. The standardized set of rules that determine how words should be combined to make sense to speakers of a language is known as: (Syntax)
225. Which descent permits an individual to affiliate with either of the parent's kin group? (Ambilineal descent)

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226. The Neolithic Revolution stimulated: (All of the given options)
227. Form of speech peculiar to a particular region is known as: (Dialect)
228. Jalil is an applied anthropologist who focuses on development, research, and advocacy, to improve human conditions. He uses research skills to determine how well a policy or program has succeeded in its objectives. He was performing which one of the following specialized functions? (Evaluation)
229. English, French, and Spanish are (with reference to language families): (Sister languages)
230. Which one of the following theory said that people borrow from other cultures because they are basically uninventive themselves? (Diffusionism)
231. The idea of division of labor is given by: (Emile Durkheim)
232. The study of human speech and language is known as anthropological _____
(Linguistics)
233. Marriage restrictions are usually found in which of the following countries? (India)
234. _____ contrasts the status assigned by different cultures on the basis of gender.
(Gender stratification)
235. The process of controlling and allocation of natural resources is known as. (Regulation of Resources)
236. Which descent system is one where descendants are traced matrilineally and patrilineally?
(Double descent system)
237. Which is the simplest form of farming, using basic tools, no fertilizer or irrigation, and relying on human power? (Horticulture)
238. A marriage arrangement that implies a woman marrying more than one husband at one time, it is known as: (Polyandry)
239. Most developed countries and an increasing amount of developing countries rely on which of the following to obtain food? (Industry)
240. Which of the following term is associated with the residence pattern in which married people live in a separate household? (Neolocal)
241. Which one of the following is a social unit in which its members cooperate economically, manage reproduction and child rearing, and most often live together? (Family)
242. Which of the following term is associated with the rule that insist on the members of the same group or category to marry outside their group? (Exogamy)
243. All are the characteristics of industrialization EXCEPT: (Extensive use of animal powers)
244. Enabling inheritance is a useful social function under which descent system? (Double lineal system)
245. Illness is not a biological phenomenon it is related to the socio-cultural facts, which branch of anthropology deals with illness and disease? (Medical)
246. Suppose Ali gives property or money to his wife's family in order to make a marriage, this practice of marriage transaction is called: (Dowry)
247. Which of the following can be based on lineage and marital ties? (Family)
248. The foragers are well off and dubbed as the original affluent society by anthropologists because (of): (They use remarkable ingenuity in securing their food)
249. Rehan is an applied anthropologist who focuses on development, research and advocacy, to improve the human condition. He is supposed to use research skills to determine particular

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- needs of a community of people. This practice indicates which specialized function? (Needs Assessment)
250. Which analysis examines how a language change over time? (Diachronic analysis)
251. Ethno-linguists indicate that language is more than a symbolic inventory of experiences from our experiences. (Physical world)
252. Which language do not have singular and plural nouns? (Navaho)
253. Relationship with phupho and khala in Pakistani society shows which of the following? (Side of the Family)
254. A residence pattern in which the couple can live with or near the relatives of the wife's father is known as: (Matrilocal)
255. Which one of the following is the mother tongue of English? (Descent)
256. Seed crops are enriched with high _____ (nutrients of food)
257. When people recognize that they belong to a particular unilineal descent group or series of groups in the societies, it is called: (Tracing descent)
258. The Lacondon Maya of Chiapas, Mexico, are more productive than _____ crop agriculturalists. (Mono crops)
259. Why languages are facing the threat of extinction that are rarely spoken in the world? (All of the given option)
260. Ali is a student of Cultural Anthropology, he is relying on the views of the researchers, he belongs to which anthropological approach? (Etic)
261. Which one of the following emphasizes to train female anthropologists to deeply observe female behavior in traditional societies? (Historicism)
262. Humans ability to talk about things that are remote in time and space is recognized as: (Displacement)
263. Which term enables the affiliation of people with different sets of kin? (Rules of descent)
264. Language is considered to have _____ over a passage of time. (Evolved)
265. Large-scale mechanized factory production of goods is an example of: (Industrialization)
266. Which of the following anthropologists aim to understand and recommend changes in human behavior to alleviate contemporary problems? (Action or Applied)
267. Which of the following function of kinship provides social solidarity and continuity within the same generation? (Horizontal)
268. Which of the following provides the unique rules to a language? (Grammar)
269. People in different areas of the world can cope up with simple technologies with the help of all of the following factors EXCEPT: (Authoritative pressure)
270. The process of learning culture is called _____ (Enculturation)
271. According to many anthropological linguists, human culture could exist beyond a very basic level because of: (Language)
272. Extended families can be: (Matrilineal or patrilineal)
273. Gender refers to: (Sexual identity based on biological characteristics)
274. Horticulture refers to the type of farming that: (Relies on simple tools and human power)
275. Which of the following theory gives secondary importance to political activity, ideology and ideas? (Cultural Materialism)
276. Cultural materialist do not rely on which of the following point of view? (Emic)

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277. Construction of sentence like word order, (verb) tense, (noun) case, and (pronoun) person is part of: **(Syntax)**
278. Which term of kinship organization refers to the groups of related clans? **(Phratries)**
279. Reciprocal Exchange which is a roughly equal exchange of gifts between bride and groom families is approximately how much practiced? **(6%)**
280. Which habitats are occupied by contemporary food collectors? **(Marginal)**
281. The most common rule of descent around the world is: **(Patrilineal)**
282. Which obtaining food strategy involves in keeping livestock and consuming it to deliver food? **(Pastoralism)**
283. Which decent affiliates a person with the kin of the mother? **(Ambilineal descent)**
284. Groups of related clans are known as: **(Phratries)**

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