



SOC401

Quiz 1

ABSTRACT

This comprehensive collection of notes is accurately crafted to empower students to excel academically, ensuring they achieve a minimum of 80% marks in their examinations. The content is organized with clarity and precision, focusing on key concepts, critical analyses, and practical applications tailored to the syllabus. These notes serve as a reliable resource for both thorough preparation and last-minute revision. Designed to inspire confidence and mastery, this guide is an essential tool for students striving for academic excellence.

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Introduction to Cultural Anthropology

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1. Which decent depicts a person is related equally to both sides of the family? (Bilateral Descent)
2. The examining how different cultures and societies produce, distribute and consume the things they need to survive is known as (Economic Anthropology)
3. Which type of interviews are involve a minimum of control. (Unstructured)
4. Which of the following process led men to move away to the cities in order to earn more cash, often leaving women behind to undertake agricultural work? (Urbanization)
5. Which one of the following detailed anthropological study of a culture undertaken by a researcher? (Ethnography)
6. Fahad is a senior researcher; he developed a hypothesis that there is a link between migration and increasing poverty. On the basis of his findings the hypothesis was accepted. He is on _____ stage of fieldwork. (Interpretation)
7. As a researcher Ahmad resides in different societies in order to study the human behavior in cultural context, he is a(n): (Ethnographer)
8. The study of rules and practices for constructing meaningful bits of language alone or bound to other words is called: (Morphemes)
9. All of the following are the explanations of French Structuralism theory EXCEPT: (This theory tires to minimize bias and make ethnographic descriptions more accurate)
10. Who had distinguished between two types of societies based on mechanical solidarity and organic solidarity? (Emile Durkheim)
11. Which one of the following theories focuses on examining how local people themselves interpret their own values and behaviors? (Interpretive Anthropology)
12. Barter and exchange of goods are distinguish characteristic of which of the following? (Market exchange)
13. All food obtaining strategies cannot be seen as: (Mutually Exclusive)
14. Which of the following theory relies on scientific, empirical and the etic approach (Cultural Materialism)
15. Which one of the following is capable of effecting change in another element? (Independent variable)
16. Linguistics Anthropologist study_____ (All of the given)
17. The discovery of fishing technology and the use of fire emerged in which of the following developmental stage _____ (Middle savagery)
18. The standardized set of rules that determine how words should be combined to make sense to speakers of a language is known as: (Syntax)
19. Navaho language have verbs that contain _____ information than English language. (More)
20. Different cultures see the world differently due to their different language and culture; it was the basic point of _____. (The Sapir-Whorf Hypothesis)
21. What is the language family of English, French and Spanish language? (Indo-European language family)
22. Suppose a person is going to see the effectiveness of women empowerment package in Punjab, he/she will be called: (Trainer)
23. Which term of language emphasizes significant words in a given culture? (Cultural emphasis)
24. Which of the following is the function of kinship system that provides social continuity by binding together a number of generations? (Vertical)

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25. Societies based on organic solidarity have all the characteristics except common (interest in general)
26. Which one of the following types of anthropology is concerned with refining methods and theories (Pure)
27. Which type of interviews involve a minimum of control? (Unstructured)
28. Which one of the following type of anthropology is concerned refining methods and theories? (Pure)
29. Language is tied to a society's: (All of the given options)
30. Which of the following branch refers to the comparative and analytical aspects of cultural anthropology? (Ethnology)
31. Productivity of agriculturalists depends on: (All of the given options)
32. Which one of the following appears in a language without being attached to other words? (Free morpheme)
33. Which hypothesis assumes that different cultures see the world differently due to their different languages? (The Sapir-Whorf hypothesis)
34. According to kinship, consanguineal relations are: (Blood relations)
35. In many countries around the world men are supposed to go outside to home for earning purpose and women are considered to look after the children and home. This kind of practice can be defined as (gender role)
36. Zakat system in Pakistan is an example of: (Redistribution)
37. A part of economic system in which goods and services are transferred from producer to users is called? (Market Exchange)
38. _____ is a process where goods are taken from the natural environment and are altered to consumable goods. (Production)
39. Linguistic anthropologists study _____. (Language in a social context)
40. The practice to choose those species of plants and animals that maximize the caloric intake for the time spent on hunting and gathering is referred to: (Optimal foraging)
41. The revolution in form of information technology, opening of markets and the privatization of social services is usually known as _____. (Globalization)
42. Maladaptive or dysfunctional aspects of culture includes: (Pollution)
43. Son, father, grandfather are all categorized in the same category, and it is known as: (Lineality)
44. The study of pre-historic and historic cultures through the excavation of material remains is called (Archeology)
45. All thinks his own culture superior of others. He is _____ in his attitude. (Ethnocentric)
46. The study of pre-historic and historic cultures through the excavation of material remains is called? (Archaeology)
47. Collecting basic demographic data at the initial stages of fieldwork is known as _____. (Census Taking)
48. Which of the following term is used by anthropologists to describe any society with cities? (Civilization)
49. In many countries around the world, men are supposed to go outside the home for earning purpose and women are considered to look after the children and home. This kind of practice can be defined as: (Gender Roles)

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50. Which one of the following imparts cultural knowledge about certain population groups to different people? (Trainer)
51. Two different forms of language in a society such as "high" and 'low' or "official" and "common" is called as: (Dialect/Diglossia)
52. A general statement about how two or more facts are related to one another is known as _____. (Theory)
53. Which one of the following was NOT an emphasis of neo evolutionism theory? (Values and beliefs)
54. Food collectors acquire wild plants for their food intake by: (Collecting)
55. Which one of the following provides the sound structure to a language? (Phonology)
56. Which is the basic social unit amongst food collectors? (Family)
57. Contemporary food collecting societies have _____ population density. (Low)
58. Fahim is a researcher who is experiencing to live and deal with circumstances completely different to his own surroundings, (he focusing culture shock)
59. Behavioral data is collected through which of the following method? (Interview)
60. A part of economic system in which goods and services are transferred from producers to users is called: (Distribution)
61. According to the perspective of language families, which language is derived from Germanic dialect? (English)
62. The process of studying different cultures and there similarities is known as _____. (Cultural anthropology)
63. While studying the culture of “Amish” tribe Ahmad focuses on the cultural variation of this tribe by studying their external environment and historical influences. He focused on which theory? (French structuralism)
64. According to Ethno-linguists, language even shapes our _____ and provides a standardized way to react to experiences. (Thoughts)
65. Psychological anthropology is: (Related to human psychology in social and cultural variation)
66. The psychological reaction you experience when you are in a different culture from your own is called (Ethnocentrism)
67. The psychological reaction you experience when you are in a different culture from your own is called: (Culture shock)
68. Which of the following descent from either males or females is recognized but individuals may select only one line to trace descent. (Ambilineal)
69. Which one of the following is most common in societies with political bureaucracies? (Redistribution)
70. Which of the following is NOT an example of participant observation? (Interviewing cultural counsellor)
71. The foragers are well off and dubbed as the original affluent society by anthropologists because (of): (They enjoy leisure time)
72. Which form of descent is prevalent in foraging and industrialized societies? (Bilateral)
73. Which one of the following is considered as origin of languages in the language family? (Proto language)

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74. Which one of the following use research skills to determine how well a policy or program has succeeded in its objectives (Evaluator)
75. The institutions like family, religion, education, economy, and sports are found all over the world. This versatility of cultural systems around the world is called: (Cultural Universals)
76. Which one of the following is a technical term used by anthropologists to describe exchange of goods and services of almost equal value between two trading partners? (Reciprocity)
77. Food production became important for humans about: (10,000 years ago)
78. Socio-linguistics examines: (Link between languages and social structures)
79. Which of the following kinship systems emphasizes patrilineal descent? (Omaha)
80. According to horticulturist which one of the following is a useful form of production? Slash and (Burn Technique)
81. Who among the following are concerned with the issues related to dying out of rarely spoken languages (cultural anthropologists)
82. The Inuit in the Arctic region provide a good example of: (Hunting and gathering peoples)
83. Which one of the following theory states that culture evolves in direct proportion to their capacity to harness energy? (Neo-Evolution)
84. Higher the rate of education, lower will be the rate of poverty is a hypothesis in which population is _____ (Variable)
85. What is the percentage of vegetation in food intake prescribed by contemporary food collectors? (80%)
86. Which one of the following is the mother tongue of English? (German)
87. Who were criticized for the drought conditions of El Nino during the 1990s? (Scientists)
88. Functionalism focuses on: different parts of contemporary cultures which work for the well being of the individuals and the (society)
89. Art of pottery making indicates which development stage? _____ (Lower Barbarism)
90. America is a highly specialized society; it is an example of _____. (Organic solidarity)
91. The word "dislike" which conveys meaning by standing alone or being bound to other words, is an example of: (Morpheme)
92. Which of the following analysis is used to understand language structures and its underlying rules at a given point in time? (Synchronic)
93. Which type of study focuses on remote location? (Fieldwork)
94. Judging other culture on the basis of one's own culture is known as ____ (Ethnocentrism)
95. Horticulture is a form of food production which employs: (Simple tools and no draft animals)
96. Which language do not have singular and plural nouns? (Navaho)
97. Which one of the following is a technical term used by anthropologists to describe exchange of goods and services of almost equal value between two trading partners (Reciprocity)
98. Which one of the following is a subsistence pattern in which people make their living by tending herds of large animals? (Pastoralism)
99. Which one of the following technique is required to provide solid methodological base emphasizing the need for empirical evidence (Direct fieldwork)
100. The analysis of cultural data at a single point in time is referred as: (Synchronic analysis)

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101. A person who is related to both their mother's kin and their father's kin at the same time can fall under: (Bilateral descent or Parallel; decent)
102. Societies based on mechanical solidarity have all the characteristics EXCEPT: (High Specialization)
103. Which of the following method allows a researcher to study non-verbal behavior (Participant Observation)
104. Which of the following descent systems is able to accommodate two sides simultaneously? (Ambilineal)
105. The distribution of commodity among the people of a society is known: (Exchange)
106. English, French and Spanish are _____ with reference to language families. (Sister languages)
107. Which of the following production system depends primarily on domesticated animals for food? (Pastoralism)
108. Physical Anthropology is the study of humans from a _____ perspective. (Biological)
109. An anthropologist is interested to explore the changing patterns of marriage over the time. Which source of information will be focused by him? (Document Analysis)
110. Which analysis is carried out by linguists to understand the language structures and its underlying rules at a given point in time? (Synchronic analysis)
111. Which of the following theory is influenced by cultural relativism and ethno-science? (Post modernism)
112. The earliest form of humanity survival was on fruits and nuts, it falls under which development stage? (Lower Savagery)
113. The function of kinships that provide social solidarity and continuity within the same generation is called: (Horizontal function)
114. Which one of the following is an ambivalent system, which submerges the nuclear family into a larger kinship group? (Iroquois)
115. Which one of the following theories is criticized for being overly theoretical and not easily verifiable through empirical evidence? (Structuralism)
116. Particular features of a culture are known as _____ (Cultural traits)
117. The bilateral system of loose kinship networks is formed by all of the following EXCEPT: (Clan)
118. Societies based on organic solidarity have all the characteristics EXCEPT: (Common interest in general)
119. Functionalism focused on _____ different parts of contemporary cultures work for the well being of the individual and the (Society)
120. Clan composed of which kind of groups that claim descent, but they are unable to trace all their genealogical links? (Unilineal groups)
121. Close system of communication is associated with: (Animals)
122. According to anthropologists, language is random in nature because of its: (Diversity)
123. Which of the following kinship organization divide a society into two halves? (Moieties)
124. Functionalism focused on understanding culture from the viewpoint of _____. (Natives)

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125. All of the following are important elements to conduct field work EXCEPT: (Compare and contrast the culture)
126. Which one of the following is included in seed crops? (Wheat)
127. "Crime increases as urban population increases" is an example of: (Hypothesis)
128. Ali thinks his own cultural superior to others, he is _____ in his attitude. (Ethnocentric)
129. Son, father, grandfather are all categorized in same category, and it is known as: (Lineality)
130. Collecting basic demographic data at the initial stages of fieldwork is known as? (Census taking)
131. Which one of the following is NOT a dysfunctional aspect of culture? (Traveling)
132. In which of the following kin type, people are related or categorized through marriage? (Affinial)
133. Free-market economies free trade and competition are all ingredients of: (Globalization)
134. Choice of technique depends on which of the following _____ (Problem being studied)
135. Which of the following kinship system is associated with matrilineal descent? (matrilineal)
136. According to anthropologists, what is the nature of language? (Arbitrary)
137. The study of rules and practices for making and using sounds in a language is called: (Phonology)

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