

ENG502 Quiz 04

1. According to researchers by age three children from privileged families have heard million more words than children from underprivileged families. (30)
2. Uttering the words 'make a long shory stort' instead of "make a long story short" is an example of _____ of the tongue. (slip)
3. A variety of a language that developed for some practical purpose, such as trading is called _____. (pidgin)
4. One-word stage (better one morpheme or one unit) or _____ stage starts between 9-18 months. (holophrastic)
5. Analytic processing, such as recognizing the smaller details of sound, words and phrase structures in rapid sequence, is done with the _____. (left brain)
6. The native language or native dialect (usually colloquial or informal) of a specific population is called _____ language. (vernacular)
7. An impairment of language function due to localized brain damage that leads to difficult in understanding and producing linguistic forms is termed as _____. (Aphasia)
8. The symptoms such as a substantially reduced amount of speech, distorted articulation and slow, often effortful speech characterize the disease _____. (motor aphasia)
9. By the age of _____ the child's vocabulary expands rapidly. (two-and-a-half)
10. The shared principles, values and behaviors of a social group can be termed as _____. (culture)
11. During childhood, there is a period when the human brain is most ready to receive input and learn a particular language. This is called the _____ period. (critical)
12. A manner of pronunciation peculiar to a particular individual, location, or nation is called _____. (accent)
13. The coexistence of two or more languages or distinct varieties of the same language, within a speech community is termed as _____. (polyglossia)
14. The earliest use of speech-like sounds has been described as _____. (cooing)

15. The general view is that the critical period for first language acquisition lasts from to puberty. **(birth)**
16. “it differs from sociology of language, which focuses on the effect of language on society.” This statement is about _____. **(sociolinguistics)**
17. The features of grammar and vocabulary as well as the aspects of pronunciation characterize _____ of a language. **(dialect)**
18. In language acquisition process, single terms such as ‘cookie’, ‘cat’, ‘cup’ uttered for everyday objects such is characterized as _____. **(one word sage)**
19. According to researchers, the child’s vocabulary moves beyond approximately fifty words in _____. **(two word stage)**
20. Hearing “great ape” instead of “gray tape” is an example of _____ of the ear. **(slip)**

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